

PRIVATE RI REPORT

2021 PILOT

Kåpan Pensioner

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About this report

The PRI Reporting Framework helps to build a common language and industry standard for reporting responsible investment activities.

This **Private RI Report** is an export of your responses to the PRI Reporting Framework during the 2021 reporting period. It shows your responses to all completed indicators, even those you chose to keep private. It is designed for your internal review or – if you wish – to share with your stakeholders. The **Private RI Report** supports dialogue within your organisation, as well as with your clients, beneficiaries and other stakeholders if you chose to share it externally.

You will also receive a **Public RI Report**, which only includes responses to mandatory indicators and responses to voluntary indicators that you agreed to make public. Unlike this **Private RI Report**, the **Public RI Report** will be publicly available on the PRI website. The information is presented exactly as it was reported. Where an indicator offered a multiple-choice response, all options that were available to select from are included for context. While presenting the information verbatim results in lengthy reports, the approach is informed by signatory feedback that signatories prefer that the PRI does not summarise the information.

Context

In consultation with signatories, between 2018 and 2020 the PRI extensively reviewed the Reporting and Assessment processes and set the ambitious objective of launching in 2021 a completely new investor Reporting Framework, together with a new reporting tool. We ran the new investor Reporting and Assessment process as a pilot in its first year, and such process included providing additional opportunities for signatories to provide feedback on the Reporting Framework, the online reporting tool and the resulting reports. The feedback from this pilot phase has been, and is continuing to be analysed, in order to identify any improvements that can be included in future reporting cycles.

PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories in the 2021 reporting cycle. This information has not been audited by the PRI or any other party acting on its behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented.

The PRI has taken reasonable action to ensure that data submitted by signatories in the reporting tool is reflected in their official PRI reports accurately. However, it is possible that small data inaccuracies and/or gaps remain, and the PRI shall not be responsible or liable for such inaccuracies and gaps.

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Senior Leadership Statement (SLS)

Senior leadership statement

Our commitment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Our commitment	GENERAL

- Why does your organisation engage in responsible investment?
- What is your organisation's overall approach to responsible investment?
- What are the main differences between your organisation's approach to responsible investment in its ESG practice and in other practices, across asset classes?

Kåpan Pensioner's most important contribution to a sustainable society is the provision of a secure pension at the lowest possible cost. The society belongs to its members and all surplus is returned to them in the form of a higher pension. Kåpan Pensioner's Board has ultimate responsibility for the society's activities where sustainability initiatives form an integrated part. It is important that the business is run in such a manner that members' confidence in Kåpan Pensioner is maintained and the operations are regarded as healthy and responsible. It is our conviction that companies that act sustainably in the long term both contribute to better returns and contribute to better development in a larger perspective. We work with sustainability as an integrated part of day-to-day operations in all investments. Sustainability work is based on the society's assignment from its members, via decisions of the Council of Administration, the society's statutes and the Board's decisions and policy documents. The President has operational responsibility for sustainability work being carried out in practice and covering the entire operation. Our investments must satisfy basic principles and the foundation for our sustainability work is several leading standards and principles widely rooted in Swedish society based on decisions made by the Swedish parliament and government. To achieve sustainable management in accordance with these guidelines we work with both norm-based screening and positive screening, we work with dialogue and lobbying with the aim of influencing companies and external managers in the right direction and improving their sustainability work. Our Sustainability Committee regularly reviews the results of screening and lobbying and decides if we need to take any action from a sustainability perspective. The basic premise is that as investors we can be more useful investing in companies and thus being involved and exerting influence than abstaining or excluding. We have the same approach for all our investments, but some investments are more transparent and obvious than others when it comes to their impact and contribution to E, S and G. Sustainability is part of the investment process and our listed companies are continuously followed up according to the strategies mentioned above and for unlisted investments our internal managers have close and regular contact with the managers of these holdings and funds. To ensure as far as possible conformance with basic sustainability criteria even in these unlisted holdings, sustainability issues are handled using a questionnaire which aims to identify the funds' sustainability processes (degree of sustainability, sustainability work and focus). We would like sustainability to be a central part of the company's strategy and that there is a long-term attitude to these issues. We continuously monitor the funds' agenda for improving and developing efforts with and responsibility for sustainability issues.

Annual overview

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Annual overview	GENERAL

- o Discuss your organisation's progress during the reporting year on the responsible investment issue you consider most relevant or material to your organisation or its assets.
- Reflect on your performance with respect to your organisation's responsible investment objectives and targets during the reporting year. This might involve e.g. outlining your single most important achievement, or describing your general progress, on topics such as the following:
 - refinement of ESG analysis and incorporation
 - stewardship activities with investees and/or with policy makers
 - o collaborative engagements
 - attainment of responsible investment certifications and/or awards

To meet our own and the global climate goals as well as to reduce the climate risk in the portfolio we have developed a strategy to reduce our investments in fossil-based holdings. The society's investments in coal and oil production should be reduced and only be marginal by 2023. We will not invest in companies that have more than 5% of revenues from extraction, electricity production, processing and refining of coal and oil. We sold all affected companies in our directly owned global equities portfolio (with reservations for a few companies that we currently consider to be transition companies) and in the Swedish equity portfolio we have sold one-third of the holdings with the remainder to be divested before the middle of 2021. From a sustainability perspective we have divested all our emerging sovereign debt funds. Within fixed-income management we have more than doubled our investments in green bonds, the proportion now amounts to approximately 10% of the fixed-income portfolio. To ensure a continued increase in the pace of investment we have broadened the mandate for green bonds. We have broadened our owner responsibility by voting at annual meetings of 70% of our directly owned equity portfolio and together with other investors, we have carried out lobbying dialogues with 142 companies. The response rate rose from last year to 66% (56) and the quality of companies' participation has been higher across the board.

The dialogues had an increased focus on consumer rights and health as a consequence of Covid-19. We have signed the UNPRI and we have chosen to report voluntarily this year. Our sustainability targets are met in 2020. Our aim is that the sustainability rating of companies to which the society is directly or indirectly exposed should improve over time from current levels. The long-term aim is that the society's investments should have a weighted average sustainability rating which is above the weighted average of our index (MSCI ACWI ESG Universal). We have achieved these targets since we started to monitor ESG rating and the ESG rating for the entire listed equity holdings 2020 improved to 6.9 (6.7). At the same time our portfolio had a higher ranking than index which was 6.6. We also have a target that the carbon footprint for listed holdings shall fall over time and the long-term aim is that the society's investments shall be carbon neutral by 2045.

The carbon footprint fell by 18% in 2020. Several of our investments have received high appointments in sustainable certifications during 2020. Our investment, JP Morgan IIF, ranked 12th of 75 infrastructure funds in GRESB. Companies within the fund, Sonnedix and Ventient received GRESB Sector Leader awards, each ranked first in their respective sector peer groups and Beacon Rail received GRESB's Most Improved award, improved from three stars to five stars and doubled score over last year score. The fund itself received an A grade in the PRI's annual assessment. Another infrastructure fund, Global Energy & Power Infrastructure Fund III, ranked 1 out of 118 in GRESB peer direct Global Infrastructure and Energy Infrastructure benchmarks, and received A+ in the PRI assessment. Within real estate our investment White Peak has been ranked by GRESB as sector leader within sustainable homes development and achieved three BREEAM "Very Good" ratings and three LEED Gold certifications. Within PE, EQT received A+ in PRI assessment.

Next steps

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S3	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Next steps	GENERAL

What specific steps has your organisation outlined to advance your commitment to responsible investment in the next two years?

We will continue to adapt our investments to our fossil strategy, and the next step is to review our equity funds and alternative investments and the aim is that all investments are in line with the strategy 2023. We will continue to reduce our carbon footprint in other high emission sectors, and we will set intermediate goals to our aim to become carbon neutral by 2045. We will continue increase the investments in green bonds. We signed UNPRI during 2020 and will report voluntarily 2021 and depending on the result we will set up a plan for the continued evolution of our sustainability efforts and progress. We continuely work with our direct investments and external mandates to improve our ESG score.

Endorsement

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S4	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Endorsement	GENERAL

The Senior Leadership Statement has been prepared and/or reviewed by the undersigned and reflects our organisation-wide commitment and approach to responsible investment.

Name	Marie Giertz
Position	CIO
Organisation's name	Kåpan Pensioner

This endorsement is for the Senior Leadership Statement only and is not an endorsement of the information reported by
 Kåpan Pensioner in the various modules of the Reporting Framework. The Senior Leadership Statement is simply provided as a
 general overview of Kåpan Pensioner's responsible investment approach. The Senior Leadership Statement does not constitute
 advice and should not be relied upon as such, and is not a substitute for the skill, judgement and experience of any third parties,
 their management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions.

Organisational Overview (OO)

Organisational information

Categorisation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 1	CORE	Signatory category	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Categorisation	GENERAL

Select the type that best describes your organisation or the services you provide.

(A) Non-corporate pension or superannuation or retirement or provident fund or plan

(1) This is our only (or primary) type

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 1.1	CORE	OO 1	N/A	PRIVATE	Categorisation	GENERAL

Select which pensions you offer.

(A) Defined benefit (1) This is our only (or primary) type

Subsidiary information

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 2	CORE	N/A	OO 2.1	PRIVATE	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

Does your organisation have subsidiaries that are also PRI signatories in their own right?

○ (A) Yes**⑥** (B) No

Reporting year

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 3	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Reporting year	GENERAL

Indicate the year-end date for your reporting year.

	Month	Day	Year
Reporting year end date:	December	31	2020

Assets under management

All asset classes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 4	CORE	OO 4.1, OO 4.2	N/A	PRIVATE	All asset classes	GENERAL

What were your total assets under management (AUM) at the end of the indicated reporting year? Provide the amount in USD.

(A) AUM of your organisation, including subsidiaries	US\$ 13,711,136,458.00
(B) AUM of subsidiaries that are PRI signatories in their own right and excluded from this submission	US\$ 0.00
(C) AUM subject to execution, advisory, custody, or research advisory only	US\$ 0.00

Asset breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a percentage breakdown of your total assets under management at the end of your indicated reporting year.

	Percentage of AUM
(A) Listed equity – internal	31.0%
(B) Listed equity – external	7.0%
(C) Fixed income – internal	40.0%

(D) Fixed income – external	3.0%
(E) Private equity – internal	0.0%
(F) Private equity – external	4.0%
(G) Real estate – internal	0.0%
(H) Real estate – external	10.0%
${\rm (I)\ Infrastructure-internal}$	0.0%
(J) Infrastructure – external	2.0%
(K) Hedge funds – internal	0.0%
(L) Hedge funds – external	0.0%
(M) Forestry – internal	0.0%
(N) Forestry – external	2.0%
(O) Farmland – internal	0.0%
(P) Farmland – external	0.0%
(Q) Other – internal, please specify:	1.0%
(R) Other – external, please specify:	0.0%
(S) Off-balance sheet – internal	0.0%
(T) Off-balance sheet – external	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.1	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a breakdown of your organisation's externally managed assets between segregated mandates and pooled funds or investments.

	$egin{array}{l} ext{(1)} \ ext{Listed} \ ext{equity} \end{array}$	(2) Fixed income	(3) Private equity	(4) Real estate	(5) Infrastru cture	(7) Forestry
(A) Segregated mandate(s)	0.0%	0.0%	8.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Pooled fund(s) or pooled investment(s)	100.0%	100.0%	92.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 LE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your listed equity assets.

	(A) Internal allocation	(C) External allocation – pooled
(1) Passive equity	50.0%	10.0%
(2) Active – quantitative	0.0%	57.0%
(3) Active – fundamental	50.0%	33.0%
(4) Investment trusts (REITs and similar publicly quoted vehicles)	0.0%	0.0%
(5) Other, please specify:	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 FI	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your fixed income assets.

	(A) Internal allocation	(C) External allocation – pooled
(1) Passive – SSA	0.0%	0.0%
(2) Passive – corporate	0.0%	0.0%
(3) Passive – securitised	0.0%	0.0%
(4) Active – SSA	0.0%	0.0%
(5) Active – corporate	58.0%	62.0%
(6) Active – securitised	42.0%	23.0%
(7) Private debt	0.0%	15.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 PE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your private equity assets.

	(B) External allocation – segregated	(C) External allocation – pooled
(1) Venture capital	0.0%	0.0%
(2) Growth capital	70.0%	14.0%
(3) (Leveraged) buyout	30.0%	52.0%

(4) Distressed, turnaround or special situations	0.0%	2.0%
(5) Secondaries	0.0%	32.0%
(6) Other, please specify:	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 RE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your real estate assets.

(C) External allocation – pooled

	<u>-</u>
(1) Retail	22.0%
(2) Office	20.0%
(3) Industrial	3.0%
(4) Residential	29.0%
(5) Hotel	12.0%
(6) Lodging, leisure and recreation	1.0%
(7) Education	10.0%
(8) Technology/science	0.0%
(9) Healthcare	3.0%
(10) Mixed use	0.0%
(11) Other, please specify:	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 INF	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your infrastructure assets.

(C) External allocation – pooled

	•
(1) Data infrastructure	15.0%
(2) Energy and water resources	13.0%
(3) Environmental services	5.0%
(4) Network utilities	2.0%
(5) Power generation (excl. renewables)	22.0%
(6) Renewable power	14.0%
(7) Social infrastructure	8.0%
(8) Transport	21.0%
(9) Other, please specify:	0.0%

ESG strategies

Listed equity

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6 LE	CORE	OO 5.2 LE	OO 6.1 LE, LE 13	PRIVATE	Listed equity	1

Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies do you apply to your internally managed active listed equity?

Percentage out of total internally managed active listed equity:

(A) Screening alone	0.0%
(B) Thematic alone	0.0%
(C) Integration alone	0.0%
(D) Screening and integration	100.0%
(E) Thematic and integration	0.0%
(F) Screening and thematic	0.0%
(G) All three strategies combined	0.0%
(H) None	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6.1 LE	CORE	OO 6 LE	LE 8	PRIVATE	Listed equity	1

What type of screening is applied to your internally managed active listed equity assets?

Percentage coverage out of your total listed equities where screening strategy is applied

(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only	0.0%
(B) Negative screening only	0.0%
(C) A combination of positive/best-in-class and negative screening	100.0%

Fixed income

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6 FI	CORE	OO 5.2 FI	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Fixed income	1

Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies do you apply to your internally managed active fixed income?

	(2) Fixed income – corporate	(3) Fixed income – securitised
(A) Screening alone	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Thematic alone	0.0%	0.0%
(C) Integration alone	0.0%	0.0%
(D) Screening and integration	0.0%	100.0%
(E) Thematic and integration	0.0%	0.0%
(F) Screening and thematic	0.0%	0.0%
(G) All three strategies combined	100.0%	0.0%
(H) None	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6.1 FI	CORE	OO 6 FI	N/A	PRIVATE	Fixed income	1

What type of screening is applied to your internally managed active fixed income?

	(2) Fixed income – corporate	(3) Fixed income – securitised
(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Negative screening only	0.0%	0.0%
(C) A combination of positive/best-in-class and negative screening	100.0%	100.0%

Externally managed assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6 SAM	CORE	OO 5.2 LE, OO 5.2 FI	OO 6.1 SAM	PRIVATE	Externally managed assets	1

Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies apply to your externally managed active listed equity and fixed income?

	(1) Listed equity - external	(3) Fixed income – corporate - external	(4) Fixed income – securitised - external
(A) Screening alone	0.0%	55.0%	55.0%
(B) Thematic alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(C) Integration alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(D) Screening and integration	100.0%	35.0%	35.0%
(E) Thematic and integration	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

(F) Screening and thematic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(G) All three strategies combined	0.0%	10.0%	10.0%
(H) None	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6.1 SAM	CORE	OO 6 SAM	N/A	PRIVATE	Externally managed assets	1

What type of screening is applied to your externally managed active listed equity and fixed income?

	(1) Listed equity - external	(3) Fixed income – corporate - external	(4) Fixed income – securitised - external
(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Negative screening only	0.0%	75.0%	75.0%
(C) A combination of positive/best-in-class and negative screening	100.0%	25.0%	25.0%

Externally managed assets

Captive relationships

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 7	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Captive relationships	GENERAL

Does your organisation have a captive relationship with some or all of its external investment managers?

o (A) Yes

(B) No

Investment consultants

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 8	CORE	OO 5	SAM 1	PRIVATE	Investment consultants	GENERAL

Does your organisation engage investment consultants in the selection, appointment or monitoring of your external investment managers?

o (A) Yes

⊚ (B) No

Stewardship

Listed equity

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 LE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.2 LE	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Listed equity	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities for your listed equity assets?

	(1) Engagement on listed equity – active	(2) Engagement on listed equity – passive	(3) (Proxy) voting on listed equity – active	(4) (Proxy) voting on listed equity – passive
(A) Through service providers	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(B) Through external managers				
(C) Through internal staff	Ø			
(D) Collaboratively				
(E) We did not conduct this stewardship activity				

Fixed income

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 FI	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.2 FI	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Fixed income	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities for your fixed income assets?

	(5) Active – corporate	(6) Active – securitised	(7) Private debt
(A) Through service providers	Ø	Ø	
(B) Through external managers			
(C) Through internal staff	Ø	Ø	
(D) Collaboratively			
(E) We did not conduct this stewardship activity for this strategy/asset type			Ø

Private equity, real estate and infrastructure

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 ALT	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Private equity, real estate and infrastructure	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities in the following asset classes?

	(1) Private equity	(2) Real estate	(3) Infrastructure
(A) Through service providers			
(B) Through external managers			
(C) Through internal staff	Ø	Ø	

(D) Collaboratively		
(E) We did not conduct stewardship activities for this asset class		

ESG incorporation

Internally managed assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 10	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Internally managed assets	1

For each internally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into your investment decisions.

	(1) ESG incorporated into investment decisions	(2) ESG not incorporated into investment decisions
(A) Listed equity – passive	•	0
(C) Listed equity – active – fundamental	•	•
(G) Fixed income – corporate	•	0
(H) Fixed income – securitised	•	0
(W) Other [as specified]	0	•

External manager selection

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	External manager selection	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into external manager selection. Your response should refer to the selection of the external managers who managed the relevant asset classes during the reporting year, regardless of when such selection took place.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager selection	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager selection
(A) Listed equity – passive	•	0
(B) Listed equity – active	•	0
(D) Fixed income – active	•	0
(E) Private equity	•	0
(F) Real estate	•	0
(G) Infrastructure	•	0
(I) Forestry	•	0

External manager appointment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 12	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	External manager appointment	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into external manager appointment. Your response should refer to the appointment of the external managers who managed the relevant asset classes during the reporting year, regardless of when their appointment took place.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager appointment	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager appointment
(E) Private equity	•	0

The following externally managed asset classes are reported in OO 5.1 as 100% pooled funds or pooled investments and, therefore, ESG incorporation into external manager appointment is not applicable.

(3) ESG incorporation into external manager appointment is not applicable as we only invest in pooled funds

(A) Listed equity – passive	
(B) Listed equity – active	
(D) Fixed income – active	
(F) Real estate	•
(G) Infrastructure	
(I) Forestry	•

External manager monitoring

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 13	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	External manager monitoring	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporated ESG into external manager monitoring during the reporting year.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager monitoring	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager monitoring
(A) Listed equity – passive	•	0
(B) Listed equity – active	•	0
(D) Fixed income – active	•	0
(E) Private equity	•	0
(F) Real estate	•	0
(G) Infrastructure	•	0
(I) Forestry	•	0

Voluntary reporting

Voluntary modules

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 14	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Voluntary modules	GENERAL

The following modules are voluntary to report on in the separate PRI asset class modules as they account for less than 10% of your total AUM and are under USD 10 billion. Please select if you wish to voluntarily report on the module.

	(1) Yes, report on the module	(2) No, opt out of reporting on the module	
(J) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – listed equity	•	Ο	
(K) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – fixed income	0	•	
(L) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – private equity	•	0	
(N) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – infrastructure	•	0	

The following modules are mandatory to report on as they account for 10% or more of your total AUM or are over USD 10 billion. The ISP (Investment and Stewardship Policy) module is always applicable for reporting.

	(1) Yes, report on the module	
ISP: Investment and Stewardship Policy		
(A) Listed equity	•	

(C) Fixed income – corporate	•
(D) Fixed income – securitised	•
(M) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – real estate	

Pooled funds governance: Appointment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 15	CORE	OO 5.1	SAM 12	PRIVATE	Pooled funds governance: Appointment	GENERAL

Would you like to voluntarily report on ESG incorporation in the appointment of your external managers for pooled funds?

○ (A) Yes**⑥** (B) No

ESG/sustainability funds and products

Labelling and marketing

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 16	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Labelling and marketing	GENERAL

What percentage of your assets under management in each asset class are ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or ESG/RI certified or labelled assets? Percentage figures can be rounded to the nearest 5% and should combine internally and externally managed assets.

	Percentage
(A) Listed equity – passive	2.0%
(B) Listed equity – active	10.0%

(D) Fixed income – active	10.0%
(E) Private equity	0.0%
(F) Real estate	0.0%
(G) Infrastructure	0.0%
(I) Forestry	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 16.1	CORE	OO 16	ISP 52	PRIVATE	Labelling and marketing	GENERAL

What percentage of your total assets (per asset class) carry a formal ESG/RI certification or label? Percentage figures can be rounded to the nearest 5%.

Coverage of ESG/RI certification or label:

(A) Listed equity	5.0%
(B) Fixed income	5.0%

Climate investments

Asset breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 17	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

What percentage of your assets under management is in targeted low-carbon or climate-resilient investments?

7.0%

Other asset breakdowns

Geographical breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 18	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PRIVATE	Geographical breakdown	GENERAL

What is the geographical breakdown of your organisation's assets under management by investment destination (i.e. where the investments are located)?

% 100.0%	0.0%
0.0%	30.0%
0.0%	70.0%
0.0%	0.0%
(7) Real estate	(8) Infrastructure
85.0%	100.0%
6	% 0.0% % 0.0% (7) Real estate

(B) Emerging	10.0%	15.0%	0.0%
(C) Frontier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(D) Other	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Management by PRI signatories

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 19	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PRIVATE	Management by PRI signatories	GENERAL

What approximate percentage (+/-5%) of your externally managed assets are managed by PRI signatories?

56.0%

Fixed income constraints

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 20	CORE	OO 5.2 FI	OO 20.1	PRIVATE	Fixed income constraints	GENERAL

What percentage of your fixed income assets are subject to constraints? The constraints may be regulatory requirements, credit quality restrictions, currency constraints or similar.

Internal and external fixed income assets subject to constraints

(B) Fixed income – corporate	100.0%
(C) Fixed income – securitised	100.0%
(D) Fixed income – private debt	100.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 20.1	CORE	OO 20	N/A	PRIVATE	Fixed income constraints	GENERAL

Describe the constraints to your fixed income assets.

	Fixed income constraints
(B) Fixed income – corporate	Credit quality restrictions and currency constraints.
(C) Fixed income – securitised	Credit quality restrictions and currency constraints
(D) Fixed income – private debt	Credit quality restrictions and currency constraints

Context and explanation

Appointment: Pooled funds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 33	CORE	OO 5.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Appointment: Pooled funds	GENERAL

For your externally managed pooled funds, please describe any other mechanisms in place to set expectations as part of the appointment or commitment process.

Many of the externally managed pooled fund investments are based on a long-term relationship where we know the funds and their managers well. This is an important factor to set expectations, we have several examples when this has resulted in new orientations and themes in the funds.

ESG in other asset classes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 34	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG in other asset classes	1

Describe how you incorporate ESG into the following asset classes.

-		
1)69	scrip	tion
20	OLIP	OTOTI

(D) Forestry – external

Incorporation of ESG is part of our investment process. To ensure as far as possible conformance with basic sustainability criteria ESG issues are handled using a questionnaire which aims to identify the fund 's ESG processes (degree of sustainability, sustainability work and focus). We would like sustainability to be a central part of the company's strategy and that there is a long-term attitude to these issues. We continuously monitor the fund's agenda for improving and developing efforts with and responsibility for sustainability issues.

ESG not incorporated

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 35	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG not incorporated	1, 2

Describe why you currently do not incorporate ESG into your assets and/or why you currently do not conduct stewardship.

Description

(M) Internally managed: Other na

(Q) Externally managed: Fixed income - active

We do not perform stewardship in the sense that we are part of the fund's advisory boards as in other asset classes, but we have a continuous dialogue with these funds on ESG-related issues and. We continuously follow up what the fund has on the agenda to improve and develop the work and responsibility for sustainability issues

Investment and Stewardship Policy (ISP)

Responsible investment policy & governance

Responsible investment policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 1	CORE	N/A	ISP 1.1, ISP 1.2	PRIVATE	Responsible investment policy	1

Does your organisation have a formal policy or policies covering your approach to responsible investment? Your approach to responsible investment may be set out in a standalone guideline, covered in multiple standalone guidelines or be part of a broader investment policy. Your policy may cover various responsible investment elements such as stewardship, ESG guidelines, sustainability outcomes, specific climate-related guidelines, RI governance and similar.

(A) Yes, we do have a policy covering our approach to responsible investment

o (B) No, we do not have a policy covering our approach to responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 1.1	CORE	ISP 1	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Responsible investment policy	1

What elements does your responsible investment policy cover? The responsible investment elements may be set out in one or multiple standalone guidelines, or they may be part of a broader investment policy.

- \square (A) Overall approach to responsible investment
- ☐ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors
- \Box (C) Guidelines on social factors
- \square (D) Guidelines on governance factors

√ (E)	Approach to stewardship
√ (F)	Approach to sustainability outcomes
√ (€)	A) Approach to exclusions
□ (H	(I) Asset class-specific guidelines that describe how ESG incorporation is implemented
□ (I)	Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our fiduciary duty
\square (J) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our investment objectives
\square (K	(i) Responsible investment governance structure
✓ (I)) Internal reporting and verification related to responsible investment
☑ (N)	I) External reporting related to responsible investment
√ (N)	I) Managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment

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П	(O)	Other responsible	investment a	aspects not	listed here.	please specify:

\square (O) Other responsible investment aspects not listed here,	please specify:
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Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 2	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Responsible investment policy	6

Indicate which of your responsible investment policy elements are publicly available and provide links.

√	$\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{(A) Overall approach to responsible investment. Add link(s):} \\ \textbf{(https://www.kapan.se/globalassets/om-kapan/investeringsriktlinjer/investeringsriktlinjer-28-december-2020.pdf} \\ \textbf{(https://www.kapan.se/globalassets/om-kapan/in-english/sustainability-report-2020.pdf} \\ \end{tabular}$
√	(E) Approach to stewardship. Add link(s): https://www.kapan.se/globalassets/om-kapan/innehavsforteckning/rostning-2020.pdf
	 (F) Approach to sustainability outcomes. Add link(s): (G) Approach to exclusions. Add link(s): (L) Internal reporting and verification related to responsible investment. Add link(s): (M) External reporting related to responsible investment. Add link(s): https://www.kapan.se/globalassets/om-kapan/in-english/sustainability-report-2020.pdf
	(N) Managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment. Add link(s): (P) Our responsible investment policy elements are not publicly available

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 3	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Responsible investment policy	1

What percentage of your total assets under management are covered by your policy elements on overall approach to responsible investment and/or guidelines on environmental, social and governance factors?

o (A) Overall approach to responsible investment

AUM coverage of all policy elements in total:

80.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 4	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Responsible investment policy	1

Which elements does your exclusion policy include?

- ☑ (A) Legally required exclusions (e.g. those required by domestic/international law, bans, treaties or embargoes)
- \square (B) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs (e.g. regarding weapons, alcohol, tobacco and/or avoiding other particular sectors, products, services or regions)
- \square (C) Exclusions based on screening against minimum standards of business practice based on international norms (e.g. OECD guidelines, the UN Human Rights Declaration, Security Council sanctions or the UN Global Compact)

Governance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 6	CORE	N/A	ISP 8	PRIVATE	Governance	1

Do your organisation's board, chief-level staff, investment committee and/or head of department have formal oversight and accountability for responsible investment?

- ☑ (A) Board and/or trustees
- ☑ (B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))
- ☑ (C) Investment committee
- \Box (D) Other chief-level staff, please specify:
- ☑ (E) Head of department, please specify department:
- Sustainability
- \square (F) None of the above roles have oversight and accountability for responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 7	CORE	N/A	ISP 8	PRIVATE	Governance	1

\mathbf{In}	vour organisation.	which internal c	or external role	es have responsibility	v for imp	lementing res	ponsible investment?

- ☐ (A) Board and/or trustees
- ☑ (B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))
- ☑ (C) Investment committee
- \square (D) Other chief-level staff [as specified]
- ☑ (E) Head of department [as specified]
- (F) Portfolio managers
- \square (G) Investment analysts
- \Box (H) Dedicated responsible investment staff
- \square (I) Investor relations
- □ (J) External managers or service providers
- \square (K) Other role, please specify:
- \square (L) Other role, please specify:
- \square (M) We do not have roles with responsibility for implementing responsible investment.

People and capabilities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 8	CORE	ISP 6, ISP 7	ISP 8.1, ISP 8.2	PRIVATE	People and capabilities	General

What formal objectives for responsible investment do the roles in your organisation have?

	(1) Board and/or trustees	(2) Chief- level staff	(3) Investment committee	(5) Head of department [as specified]	(6) Portfolio managers
(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities					
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach					
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)					
(D) Objective for ESG performance					
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]		Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(F) Other objective related to responsible investment [as specified]					
(G) No formal objectives for responsible investment exist for this role	Ø				

Please specify for "(E) Other objective related to responsible investment".

Kåpan has sustainability objectives at an overall level in the organization. These objectives are set out in our investment guidelines and sustainability policy. The various roles are responsible for acting in accordance with our investment guidelines and sustainability policy and thereby working to achieve the objectives. We make continuous improvements in our investments to achieve the objectives. For example, in 2020, we decided on an increasing mandate for green bonds and set up criteria for

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 8.1	PLUS	ISP 8	N/A	PRIVATE	People and capabilities	General

Describe the key responsible investment performance indicators (KPIs) or benchmarks that your organisation uses to compare and assess the performance of your professionals in relation to their responsible investment objectives.

We assess the performance on an overall level. ESG rating is assessed with MSCI ESG rating model and compared/assessed to MSCI ACWI ESG Universal. The carbon footprint (weighted average carbon intensity) is assessed/compared to MSCI ACWI.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 8.2	CORE	ISP 8	N/A	PRIVATE	People and capabilities	General

Which responsible investment objectives are linked to variable compensation for roles in your organisation?

	RI objectives linked to variable compensation for roles in your organisation:
(2) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Office	er (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	
(3) Investment committee	
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	

(5)	Head	of	department
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(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	
(6) Portfolio managers	
(E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)	
(G) We have not linked any RI objectives to variable compensation	

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 9	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	People and capabilities	General

How frequently does your organisation assess the responsible investment capabilities and training needs among your investment professionals?

- o (A) Quarterly or more frequently
- o (B) Bi-annually
- o (C) Annually
- \circ (D) Less frequently than annually
- (E) On an ad hoc basis
- \circ (F) We do not have a process for assessing the responsible investment capabilities and training needs among our investment professionals

Strategic asset allocation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 10	CORE	N/A	ISP 10.1	PRIVATE	Strategic asset allocation	1

Does your organisation incorporate ESG factors into your strategic asset allocation?

- ☑ (A) We incorporate ESG factors into calculations for expected risks and returns of asset classes
- \square (B) We specifically incorporate physical, transition and regulatory changes related to climate change into calculations for expected risks and returns of asset classes
- \square (C) No, we do not incorporate ESG considerations into our strategic asset allocation
- \square (D) Not applicable, we do not have a strategic asset allocation process

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 10.1	CORE	ISP 10	N/A	PRIVATE	Strategic asset allocation	1

For what proportion of assets do you incorporate ESG factors into your strategic asset allocation process?

(A) We incorporate ESG factors into calculations for expected risks and returns of asset classes (2) for the

Stewardship

Stewardship policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PRIVATE	Stewardship policy	2

What percentage of your assets under management does your stewardship policy cover?

(A) Listed equity	100.0%
(B) Fixed income	100.0%
(C) Private equity	100.0%
(D) Real estate	100.0%
(E) Infrastructure	100.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 12	CORE	ISP 1.1	ISP 12.1	PRIVATE	Stewardship policy	2

Which elements does your organisation's stewardship policy cover? The policy may be a standalone guideline or part of a wider RI policy.

\square	(A)	Kev	steward	lghin	ohi	ectives
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- \square (B) Prioritisation approach of ESG factors and their link to engagement issues and targets
- ☑ (C) Prioritisation approach depending on entity (e.g. company or government)
- \square (D) Specific approach to climate-related risks and opportunities
- \Box (E) Stewardship tool usage across the organisation, including which, if any, tools are out of scope and when and how different tools are used and by whom (e.g. specialist teams, investment teams, service providers, external investment managers or similar)
- □ (F) Stewardship tool usage for specific internal teams (e.g. specialist teams, investment teams or similar)
- □ (G) Stewardship tool usage for specific external teams (e.g. service providers, external investment managers or similar)
- ☐ (H) Approach to collaboration on stewardship
- ☐ (I) Escalation strategies
- □ (J) Conflicts of interest

- \square (K) Details on how the stewardship policy is implemented and which elements are mandatory, including how and when the policy can be overruled
- \square (L) How stewardship efforts and results should be communicated across the organisation to feed into investment decision-making and vice versa
- \square (M) None of the above elements are captured in our stewardship policy

Stewardship policy implementation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 13	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Stewardship policy implementation	2

How is your stewardship policy primarily applied?

- (A) It requires our organisation to take certain actions
- o (B) It describes default actions that can be overridden (e.g. by investment teams for certain portfolios)
- o (C) It creates permission for taking certain measures that are otherwise exceptional
- o (D) We have not developed a uniform approach to applying our stewardship policy

Stewardship objectives

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 15	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PRIVATE	Stewardship objectives	2

For the majority of assets within each asset class, which of the following best describes your primary stewardship objective?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	(3) Private equity	(4) Real estate	(5) Infrastructure
(A) Maximise the risk–return profile of individual investments	0	0	0	0	0
(B) Maximise overall returns across the portfolio	•	•	•	•	•
(C) Maximise overall value to beneficiaries/clients	0	0	0	0	0

(D) Contribute to shaping specific sustainability outcomes (i.e. deliver \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ impact)

Stewardship prioritisation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 16	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PRIVATE	Stewardship prioritisation	2

What key criteria does your organisation use to prioritise your engagement targets? For asset classes such as real estate, private equity and infrastructure, you may consider this as key criteria to prioritise actions taken on ESG factors for assets, portfolio companies and/or properties in your portfolio. Select up to 3 options per asset class from the list.

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	(3) Private equity	(4) Real estate	(5) Infrastructure
(A) The size of our holdings in the entity or the size of the asset, portfolio company and/or property	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(B) The materiality of ESG factors on financial and/or operational performance	Ø	V	Ø	Ø	Ø
(C) Specific ESG factors with systemic influence (e.g. climate or human rights)					
(D) The ESG rating of the entity	Ø	Ø			
(E) The adequacy of public disclosure on ESG factors/performance			Ø	Ø	Ø
(F) Specific ESG factors based on input from clients					

(G) Specific ESG factors based on input from beneficiaries			
(H) Other criteria to prioritise engagement targets, please specify:			
(I) We do not prioritise our engagement targets			

Collaborative stewardship

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 18	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	ISP 18.1	PRIVATE	Collaborative stewardship	2

Which of the following best describes your organisation's default position, or the position of the service providers/external managers acting on your behalf, with regards to collaborative stewardship efforts such as collaborative engagements?

- \circ (A) We recognise that stewardship suffers from a collective action problem, and, as a result, we actively prefer collaborative efforts
- \circ (B) We collaborate when our individual stewardship efforts have been unsuccessful or are likely to be unsuccessful, i.e. as an escalation tool
- o (D) We do not have a default position but collaborate on a case-by-case basis
- o (E) We generally do not join collaborative stewardship efforts

Escalation strategies

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 20	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PRIVATE	Escalation strategies	2

If initial stewardship approaches were deemed unsuccessful, which of the following measures are excluded from the potential escalation actions of your organisation or those of the service providers/external managers acting on your behalf?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income
(A) Collaboratively engaging the entity with other investors		

(B) Filing/co-filing/submitting a shareholder resolution or proposal		
(C) Publicly engaging the entity (e.g. open letter)		
(D) Voting against the re-election of one or more board directors		
(E) Voting against the chair of the board of directors		
(F) Voting against the annual financial report		
(G) Divesting or implementing an exit strategy		
(H) We do not have any restrictions on the escalation measures we can use	Ø	☑

Engaging policymakers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 23	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Engaging policymakers	2

How does your organisation, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, engage with policymakers for a more sustainable financial system?

- \square (A) We engage with policymakers directly
- \square (B) We provide financial support, are members of and/or are in another way affiliated with third-party organisations, including trade associations and non-profit organisations, that engage with policymakers
- (C) We do not engage with policymakers directly or indirectly

Climate change

Public support

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 26	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Public support	General

Does your organisation publicly support the Paris Agreement?

 $https://www.kapan.se/var-kapitalforvaltning/hallbarhet-och-etik/ \ \, https://www.kapan.se/globalassets/om-kapan/investeringsriktlinjer/investeringsriktlinjer-28-december-2020.pdf \ \, https://www.kapan.se/globalassets/om-kapan/inenglish/sustainability-report-2020.pdf \ \, https://www.kapan.se/globalassets/om-kapan/inenglish/sust$

o (B) No, we currently do not publicly support the Paris Agreement

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 27	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Public support	General

Does your organisation publicly support the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)?

- \circ (A) Yes, we publicly support the TCFD Add link(s) to webpage or other public document/text expressing support for the TCFD:
- (B) No, we currently do not publicly support the TCFD

Governance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	lateway to Disclosure		PRI Principle
ISP 28	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Governance	General

How does the board or the equivalent function exercise oversight over climate-related risks and opportunities?

☑ (A) By establishing internal processes through which the board or the equivalent function are informed about climate-related risks and opportunities. Specify:

Kåpans own risk and solvency analysis (ORSA) covers analysis to be able to assess the climate risks and opportunities in some of our investments (listed equities). The report is presented for the board at least ones a year. The board has to take decision on the ORSA. The same routine is applied concerning the Sustainability report. It is presented for the board and they have to take decision. The Sustainability report refer to the climate analyses covered by the ORSA.

□ (B) By articulating internal/external roles and responsibilities related to climate. Specify:

☐ (C) By engaging with beneficiaries to understand how their preferences are evolving with regard to climate change. Specify:
□ (D) By incorporating climate change into investment beliefs and policies. Specify:
□ (E) By monitoring progress on climate-related metrics and targets. Specify:
\square (F) By defining the link between fiduciary duty and climate risks and opportunities. Specify:
\square (G) Other measures to exercise oversight, please specify:
\square (H) The board or the equivalent function does not exercise oversight over climate-related risks and opportunities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 29	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Governance	General

What is the role of management in assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities?

 ☑ (A) Management is responsible for identifying climate-related risks/opportunities and reporting them back to the board or the equivalent function. Specify: Same answer as in ISP 28.
 □ (B) Management implements the agreed-upon risk management measures. Specify: □ (C) Management monitors and reports on climate-related risks and opportunities. Specify: □ Same answer as in ISP 28.
□ (D) Management ensures adequate resources, including staff, training and budget, are available to assess, implement and monitor climate-related risks/opportunities and measures. Specify:

- □ (E) Other roles management takes on to assess and manage climate-related risks/opportunities, please specify:
- ☐ (F) Our management does not have responsibility for assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities

Strategy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 30	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Strategy	General

Which climate-related risks and opportunities has your organisation identified within its investment time horizon(s)?

☑ (A) Specific financial risks in different asset classes. Specify:

For our equity investments we have identified financial impacts from transition impacts as cost of a global carbon tax, increase of market share for renewables and stranding assets. We have also identified financial impacts from direct damages to company assets and supply chain damages (physical impacts).

☑ (B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded. Specify:

Our equity investments in the fossil fuel sector have been identified as risk of being stranded. But we are acting on these investments. We have a fossil fuel investment strategi in place

- □ (C) Assets with exposure to direct physical climate risk. Specify:
- \square (D) Assets with exposure to indirect physical climate risk. Specify:
- □ (E) Specific sectors and/or assets that are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios. Specify:

☑ (F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals. Specify:

Kåpan Pensioner's strategy is that the aggregate holdings over time shall be climate neutral. As part of this work the society has over the past ten years made ongoing investments in forestry and land and has today a significant holding with an estimated positive climate impact which compensates for the holdings which can be assessed as less positive from a climate perspective

☑ (G) Other climate-related risks and opportunities identified. Specify:

Transition risks have a generally higher impact than physical risks in our equity portfolio. The sectors Materials and Industrials are hit the hardest by the modelled transition factors in absolute terms while Energy and Utilities have high risks when considering the low number of companies in these sectors. The industrials sector is also highly affected by physical risks. Both, energy and industrials are both dependent on fixed assets, making them more vulnerable to natural hazards such as floods and cyclones. Financials experience a relatively high risk from physical climate change that are attributed to the insurance industry as well as asset allocation in high-risk countries

☐ (H) We have not identified specific climate-related risks and opportunities within our organisation's investment time horizon

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	endent on Gateway to		Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 30.1	CORE	ISP 30	N/A	PRIVATE	Strategy	General

For each of the identified climate-related risks and opportunities, indicate within which investment time-horizon they were identified.

	(1) 3–5 months	(2) 6 months to 2 years	(3) 2–4 years	(4) 5–10 years
(A) Specific financial risks in different asset classes [as specified]	Ø	Ø	V	Ø
(B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded [as specified]	Ø	Z	Z	Ø
(F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals [as specified]	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(G) Other climate-related risks and opportunities identified [as specified]	Ø	Ø	V	Ø

(A) Specific financial risks in different asset classes [as specified] (B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded [as specified]		(5) 11–20 yea	rs (6) 21–30 years	((7) > 30 years		
that contribu	(F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals [as specified]							
(G) Other climate-related risks and opportunities identified [as specified]								
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle		
ISP 31	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Strategy	General		

Which	climata_ralated	ricke and	opportunities h	96 70117 01	ranication	identified	howand it	invoctment	time	horizon/	(0)?
vv iiicii i	сипиле-геилен	i risks and	oddorummies n	as vour or	PAHISALION	icieni.iiieci	Devond II.	s inivestinient	LIME	HOUSEN	

\Box ((A)	Specific	financial	risks	in	different	asset	classes.	Specify:
_ ,	(1 1)	Specific	manciai	TISIXS	111	different	associ	Ciabbcb.	opechy.

- □ (B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded. Specify:
- □ (C) Assets with exposure to direct physical climate risk. Specify:
- \square (D) Assets with exposure to indirect physical climate risk. Specify:
- \square (E) Specific sectors and/or assets that are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios. Specify:
- □ (F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals. Specify:
- □ (G) Other climate-related risks and opportunities identified, please specify:
- (H) We have not identified specific climate-related risks and opportunities beyond our organisation's investment time horizon

Strategy: Scenario analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 33	CORE	N/A	ISP 33.1	PRIVATE	Strategy: Scenario analysis	General

Does your organisation use scenario analysis to assess climate-related investment risks and opportunities? Select the range of scenarios used.

- ☑ (A) An orderly transition to a 2°C or lower scenario
- (B) An abrupt transition consistent with the Inevitable Policy Response
- ☑ (C) A failure to transition, based on a 4°C or higher scenario
- \square (D) Other climate scenario, specify:
- □ (E) We do not use scenario analysis to assess climate-related investment risks and opportunities

Metrics and targets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 37	PLUS	N/A	ISP 37.1	PRIVATE	Metrics and targets	General

Have you set any organisation-wide targets on climate change?

- ☑ (A) Reducing carbon intensity of portfolios
- ☑ (B) Reducing exposure to assets with significant climate transition risks
- \square (C) Investing in low-carbon, energy-efficient climate adaptation opportunities in different asset classes
- ☑ (D) Aligning entire group-wide portfolio with net zero
- \square (E) Other target, please specify:
- ☐ (F) No, we have not set any climate-related targets

Metrics and targets: Transition risk

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 38	PLUS	N/A	ISP 38.1	PRIVATE	Metrics and targets: Transition risk	General

What climate-related metric(s) has your organisation identified for transition risk monitoring and management?

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 38.1	PLUS	ISP 38	N/A	PRIVATE	Metrics and targets: Transition risk	General

Provide details about the metric(s) you have identified for transition risk monitoring and management.

	(1) Coverage of AUM	(2) Purpose	(3) Metric unit
(C) Carbon intensity	(3) for a minority of our assets	To follow up on interna and external climate goals	${ m tCO2e/SEK}$ million in revenue
(D) Weighted average carbon intensity	(3) for a minority of our assets	To follow up on interna and external climate goals	tCO2e/SEK million in revenue

Sustainability outcomes

Set policies on sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 40	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Set policies on sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Where is your approach to sustainability outcomes set out? Your policy/guideline may be a standalone document or part of a wider responsible investment policy.

☑ (A)	Our approach t	o sustainability	outcomes is set	t out in our	r responsible investment	policy
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- ☐ (B) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in our exclusion policy
- □ (C) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in our stewardship policy
- □ (D) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in asset class–specific investment guidelines
- \square (E) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in separate guidelines on specific outcomes (e.g. the SDGs, climate or human rights)

Indicator	Type of indicator	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Dependent} \\ {\rm on} \end{array}$	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 41	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Set policies on sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Which global or regionally recognised frameworks do your policies and guidelines on sustainability outcomes refer to?

- (A) The SDG goals and targets
- ☑ (B) The Paris Agreement
- (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights
- \square (D) The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, including guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for Institutional Investors
- ☑ (E) Other frameworks, please specify:
- The Oslo and Ottowa conventions
- \square (F) Other frameworks, please specify:

Identify sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 43	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

Has your organisation identified the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes from any of its activities?

- (A) No, we have not identified the sustainability outcomes from our activities
- (B) Yes, we have identified one or more sustainability outcomes from some or all of our activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 44	CORE	ISP 43	ISP 44.1	PRIVATE	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

What frameworks/tools did your organisation use to identify the sustainability outcomes from its activities? Indicate the tools or frameworks you have used to identify and map some or all of your sustainability outcomes.

- $\ oxdots$ (A) The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and targets
- (B) The Paris Agreement
- (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs)
- \square (D) The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, including guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for Institutional Investors
- ☐ (E) The EU Taxonomy
- ☐ (F) Other taxonomies (e.g. similar to the EU Taxonomy), please specify:
- \square (G) Other framework/tool, please specify:
- ☐ (H) Other framework/tool, please specify:
- \square (I) Other framework/tool, please specify:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 44.1	CORE	ISP 44	N/A	PRIVATE	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

At what level(s) did your organisation identify the sustainability outcomes from its activities?

- □ (B) At the economic activity level
- (C) At the company level
- (D) At the sector level
- ☑ (E) At the country/region level
- \square (F) At the global level
- \square (G) Other level(s), please specify:
- □ (H) We do not track at what level(s) our sustainability outcomes were identified

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 45	CORE	ISP 43	SO 1	PRIVATE	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

How has your organisation determined your most important sustainability outcome objectives?

- ☑ (A) Identifying sustainability outcomes that are closely linked to our core investment activities
- □ (B) Consulting with key clients and/or beneficiaries to align with their priorities
- ☑ (C) Assessing the potential severity (e.g. probability and amplitude) of specific negative outcomes over different timeframes
- □ (D) Focusing on the potential for systemic impacts (e.g. due to high level of interconnectedness with other global challenges)
- \square (E) Evaluating the potential for certain outcome objectives to act as a catalyst/enabler to achieve a broad range of goals (e.g. gender or education)
- □ (F) Analysing the input from different stakeholders (e.g. affected communities, civil society or similar)
- ☐ (G) Understanding the geographical relevance of specific sustainability outcome objectives
- \square (H) Other method, please specify:
- \square (I) We have not yet determined our most important sustainability outcome objectives

Transparency & Confidence-Building Measures

Information disclosed – ESG assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 46	CORE	OO 16	N/A	PRIVATE	Information disclosed – ESG assets	6

For the majority of your ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or your ESG/RI certified or labelled assets, what information about your ESG approach do you (or the external investment managers/service providers acting on your behalf) include in material shared with clients, beneficiaries and/or the public? The material may be marketing material, information targeted towards existing or prospective clients or information for beneficiaries.

□ (A) A commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI signatory)
□ (B) Industry-specific and asset class–specific standards that we align with (e.g. TCFD, or GRESB for property and
infrastructure)
□ (C) Our responsible investment policy (at minimum a summary of our high-level approach)
\square (D) A description of our investment process and how ESG is considered
\square (E) ESG objectives of individual funds
□ (F) Information about the ESG benchmark(s) that we use to measure fund performance
\square (G) Our stewardship approach
□ (H) A description of the ESG criteria applied (e.g. sectors, products, activities, ratings and similar)
\square (I) The thresholds for the ESG criteria applied in our investment decisions or universe construction
\square (J) A list of our main investments and holdings
\square (K) ESG case study/example from existing fund(s)
(L)We do not include our approach to ESG in material shared with clients/beneficiaries/the public for the majority of our

ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or our ESG/RI certified or labelled assets

Information disclosed – All assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 49	CORE	N/A	N/A	PRIVATE	Information disclosed – All assets	6

For the majority of your total assets under management, what information about your ESG approach do you (or the external managers/service providers acting on your behalf) include in material shared with clients, beneficiaries and/or the public? The material may be marketing material, information targeted towards existing or prospective clients or information for beneficiaries.

\square (A) A commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI sign

- \square (B) Industry-specific and asset class–specific standards that we align with (e.g. TCFD, or GRESB for property and infrastructure)
- □ (C) Our responsible investment policy (at minimum a summary of our high-level approach)
- □ (D) A description of our investment process and how ESG is considered
- ☐ (E) ESG objectives of individual funds
- □ (F) Information about the ESG benchmark(s) that we use to measure fund performance
- \square (G) Our stewardship approach
- □ (H) A description of the ESG criteria applied (e.g. sectors, products, activities, ratings and similar)
- □ (I) The thresholds for the ESG criteria applied in our investment decisions or universe construction
- □ (J) A list of our main investments and holdings
- ☐ (K) ESG case study/example from existing fund(s)
- \square (L) We do not include our approach to ESG in material shared with clients/beneficiaries/the public for the majority of our assets under management

Confidence-building measures

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 52	CORE	OO 16.1	Multiple, see guidance	PRIVATE	Confidence-building measures	6

What verification has your organisation had regarding the information you have provided in your PRI Transparency Report this year?

- \square (A) We received third-party independent assurance of selected processes and/or data related to our responsible investment processes, which resulted in a formal assurance conclusion
- \square (B) We conducted a third-party readiness review and are making changes to our internal controls/governance or processes to be able to conduct an external assurance next year
- ☑ (C) The internal audit function team performed an independent audit of selected processes/and or data related to our responsible investment processes reported in this PRI report
- ☑ (D) Our board, CEO, other C-level equivalent and/or investment committee has signed off on our PRI report

- ☑ (E) Some or all of our funds have been audited as part of the certification process against a sustainable investment/RI label
- \square (F) We conducted an external ESG audit of our ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products (excluding ESG/RI certified or labelled assets)
- \square (G) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings to check that our funds comply with our RI policy (e.g. exclusion list or investee companies in portfolio above certain ESG rating)
- \square (H) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings as part of risk management, engagement identification or investment decision-making
- \square (I) Responses related to our RI practices documented in this report have been internally reviewed before submission to the PRI
- \square (J) None of the above

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 56	CORE	OO 14, ISP 52	N/A	PRIVATE	Confidence-building measures	6

What responsible investment processes and/or data were audited by internal auditors/outsourced internal auditors?

(A) Investment and stewardship policy	(1) Processes assured
(B) Manager selection, appointment and monitoring	(1) Processes assured
(C) Listed equity	(3) Processes and related data assured
(D) Fixed income	(3) Processes and related data assured

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 57	PLUS	ISP 52	N/A	PRIVATE	Confidence-building measures	6

Provide details about the internal audit process regarding the information provided in your PRI Transparency Report.

In accordance with the audit plan for the internal audit 2020, a review of Kåpan's work with sustainability has been carried out in order to assess the appropriateness of governing documents, roles and responsibilities, as well as follow-up and reporting. The focus of the review has been Kåpan's work on sustainability in asset management. The review has not evaluated Kåpan's work against future regulatory requirements.

The internal audit's overall assessment of Kåpan's sustainability work is that it is satisfactory.

Kåpan has been conducting ambitious sustainability work for a number of years and the sustainability report describes well how the work is conducted. Linked to Kåpan's asset management, several measures have been implemented and many initiatives are underway to actively work and integrate sustainability into asset management. The internal audit has identified three areas with room for improvement regarding:

- governing documents, responsibilities and roles, and documented and measurable follow-up. All observations have been classified as low risk.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 58	CORE	ISP 52	N/A	PRIVATE	Confidence-building measures	6

Who has reviewed/verified the entirety of or selected data from your PRI report?

(A) Board and/or trustees	(4) report not reviewed
(B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))	(1) the entire report
(C) Investment committee	(3) parts of the report
(D) Other chief-level staff, please specify:	(4) report not reviewed
(E) Head of department, please specify:	(4) report not reviewed
(F) Compliance/risk management team	(4) report not reviewed
(G) Legal team	(4) report not reviewed
(H) RI/ ESG team	(1) the entire report
(I) Investment teams	(3) parts of the report

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 59	CORE	ISP 52	N/A	PRIVATE	Confidence-building measures	6

Which of the following ESG/RI certifications or labels do you hold?

	(A)	Commodity type label (e.g. BCI)
\checkmark	(B)	GRESB
	(C)	Austrian Ecolabel (UZ49)
\checkmark	(D)	B Corporation
\checkmark	(E)	BREEAM
	(F)	CBI Climate Bonds Standard
	(G)	EU Ecolabel
	(H)	EU Green Bond Standard
	(I)	Febelfin label (Belgium)
	(J)	FNG-Siegel Ecolabel (Germany, Austria and Switzerland)
	(K)	Greenfin label (France)
	(L)	ICMA Green Bond Principles
	(M)	Le label ISR (French government SRI label)
	(N)	Luxflag Climate Finance
	(O)	Luxflag Environment
	(P)	Luxflag ESG
	(Q)	Luxflag Green Bond
	(R)	Luxflag Microfinance
	(S)	National stewardship code (e.g. UK or Japan), please specify:
	(T)	Nordic Swan Ecolabel
	(U)	Other SRI label based on EUROSIF SRI Transparency Code (e.g. Novethic), please specify:
	(V)	People's Bank of China green bond guidelines
) RIAA (Australia)
	(X)	Towards Sustainability label (Belgium)
√	(Y)	Other, please specify:
	For	restry related: SFI, PEFC and FSC Real Estate: Sweden Green Building Council (Miljöbyggnad guld,silver, brons). LEED

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 62	PLUS	ISP 52	N/A	PRIVATE	Confidence-building measures	6

Describe your organisation's approach to ensuring that your responsible investment processes are implemented as per your policies and guidelines. In your description please include the frequency of ensuring that your processes follow stated policies and include the choice of ESG fund audit, internal audit function and/or third-party external assurance.

At an overall level, our sustainability work is followed up in our sustainability report, which we publish once a year. We describe our sustainability process, and we report results and measures linked to normative and positive screening and we report the development and measures we have taken to achieve and improve our sustainability goals.

During the year, our process and compliance with our RI-policy are followed up in our investment committee. The committee meets regularly during the year, at least once a quarter, but more often if necessary.

The committee consists of the CIO, head of sustainability and at least one manager from each asset class, as well as a representative from the insurance area. The committee also discuss and acts on, new investments, regulatory issues, external monitoring, and sustainability aspects regarding the insurance area. When it comes to regulatory issues and compliance, we work together with external consultants when needed. In 2020, our internal audit conducted a review of the sustainability work linked to the investment activities.

Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring (SAM)

Selection

Responsible investment policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 2	CORE	OO 11	SAM 2.1	PRIVATE	Responsible investment policy	1, 4

During the reporting year, did your organisation include compliance with your responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers? (If you did not select any external managers during the reporting year, refer to the last reporting year in which you did select external managers.)

	(1) Yes, only when selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds	(2) Yes, when selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds (This option also applies to signatories who may not hold ESG/sustainability funds)	(3) We did not include compliance with our responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers
(A) Listed equity (active)	0	•	0
(B) Listed equity (passive)	0	•	0
(E) Private equity	0	•	0
(F) Real estate	0	•	0
(G) Infrastructure	0	•	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 2.1	CORE	SAM 2	N/A	PRIVATE	Responsible investment policy	1,4

In what proportion of cases did your organisation include compliance with your responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers?

(1) Listed equity (active)	
(B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds	(2) in the majority of cases
(2) Listed equity (passive)	
(B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and main stream funds	(2) in the majority of cases
(5) Private equity	
(B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds	(2) in the majority of cases
(6) Real estate	
(B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds	(2) in the majority of cases
(7) Infrastructure	
(B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds	(2) in the majority of cases

Research and screening

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 3	CORE	OO 11	N/A	PRIVATE	Research and screening	1

When selecting external managers, which aspects of their organisation do you, or the investment consultant acting on your behalf, assess against responsible investment criteria? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
NA	NA
(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate
(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM (2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM (1) for all of our externally managed AUM (1) for all of our externally managed AUM (1) for all of our externally managed AUM NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM (5) Private equity

(B) Investment approach, objectives and philosophy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) Investment policy or guidelines	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Governance structure and management oversight, including diversity	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) Investment strategy and fund structure	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) Investment team competencies	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Other, please	NA	NA
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(7) Infrastructure	
(A) Firm culture	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(B) Investment approach, objectives and philosophy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
and phhosophy		
(C) Investment policy or guidelines	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(C) Investment policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM (1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(C) Investment policy or guidelines(D) Governance structure and management oversight,		

(G) Other, please specify:

NA

(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Investment practices

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 4	CORE	00 11	N/A	PRIVATE	Investment practices	1

Which responsible investment practices does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, require as part of your external manager selection criteria? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.) As part of the selection criteria, we require that external managers:

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)		
(A) Incorporate material ESG factors in all of their investment analyses and decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally mana AUM		
(B) Incorporate their own responsible investment policy into their asset allocation decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(C) Have adequate resources and processes to analyse ESG factors	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(D) Incorporate material ESG factors throughout their portfolio construction	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally manag AUM		

(E) Engage with underlying portfolio assets to address ESG risks and opportunities	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(F) Comply with their own exclusions policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(G) Embed ESG considerations in contractual documentation	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(H) Implement adequate disclosure and accountability mechanisms	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(I) Are willing to work in partnership with our organisation to develop their responsible investment approach	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM		
(J) Track the positive and negative sustainability outcomes of their activities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
(K) Other, please	NA	NA		
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM		
	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate		
(A) Incorporate material ESG factors in all of their investment analyses and decisions	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		

(B) Incorporate their own responsible investment policy into their asset allocation decisions	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) Have adequate resources and processes to analyse ESG factors	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Incorporate material ESG factors throughout their portfolio construction	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) Engage with underlying portfolio assets to address ESG risks and opportunities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) Comply with their own exclusions policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Embed ESG considerations in contractual documentation	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(H) Implement adequate disclosure and accountability mechanisms	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(I) Are willing to work in partnership with our organisation to develop their responsible investment approach	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(J) Track the positive and negative sustainability outcomes of their activities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(K) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(7) Infrastructure	
(A) Incorporate material ESG factors in all of their investment analyses and decisions	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(B) Incorporate their own responsible investment policy into their asset allocation decisions	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(C) Have adequate resources and processes to analyse ESG factors	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(D) Incorporate material ESG factors throughout their portfolio construction	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(E) Engage with underlying portfolio assets to address ESG risks and opportunities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(F) Comply with their own exclusions policy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	
(G) Embed ESG considerations in contractual documentation	(3) for a minority of our externally managed Al	UM
(H) Implement adequate disclosure and accountability mechanisms	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	

(I) Are willing to work in partnership with our organisation to develop their responsible investment approach	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(J) Track the positive and negative sustainability outcomes of their activities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(K) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 10	PLUS	OO 11	N/A	PRIVATE	Sustainability outcomes	1

How does your organisation, or the investment consultant acting on your behalf, assess external managers' approaches to their sustainability outcomes as part of your selection process? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

(E) Other, please specify: na	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Documentation and track record

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 11	CORE	00 11	N/A	PRIVATE	Documentation and track record	1

As part of your selection process, which documents does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, review to gain confidence in external managers' responsible investment practices? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

(A) Standard client reporting, responsible investment reports or impact reports	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(B) Responsible investment methodology and its influence on past investment decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(C) Historical voting and engagement activities with investees	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(D) Historical engagement activities with policymakers	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) Compliance manuals and portfolios to ensure universal construction rules are applied (e.g. exclusions, thematic, best-in-class definitions and thresholds)	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(F) Controversies and incidence reports	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Code of conduct or codes of ethics	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(H) Other, please specify:	
The answers to SAM 11 differ depending on asset class. The answers on question A-D is an average from EQ, PE, RE and infra. Answers to question F-G are related to PE, RE and infra.	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM

Appointment

Pooled funds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 12	CORE	OO 12, OO 5.1, OO 15	N/A	PRIVATE	Pooled funds	4

How did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include responsible investment requirements for pooled funds in your current contracts with external managers? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM invested in pooled funds to which each of these requirements applies, regardless of when you appointed your different external managers.)

- (A) We amended or instituted side letters or equivalent legal documentation to include
 responsible investment requirements

 (B) We encouraged the external manager to include responsible investment.
- (B) We encouraged the external manager to include responsible investment requirements into the investment mandate, the investment management agreement or equivalent legal documentation

(1) for all of our AUM invested in pooled funds

Segregated mandates

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 13	CORE	OO 12, OO 5.1	N/A	PRIVATE	Segregated mandates	4

When setting up segregated mandates with external managers, which responsible investment clauses did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include in your current contractual agreements? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM invested in segregated funds to which each of these requirements applies, regardless of when you appointed your different external managers.)

(A) The manager's commitment to follow our responsible investment strategy in the management of our assets

(B) The manager's commitment to incorporate material ESG factors into its investment and stewardship activities

(C) Exclusion list(s)

(1) for all of our AUM invested in segregated mandates

(3) for all of our AUM invested in segregated mandates

(D) Responsible investment communication and reporting obligations, including on stewardship activities and results	(1) for all of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(E) Stewardship commitments in line with the PRI's guidance and focused on seeking sustainability outcomes and prioritising common goals and collaborative action	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(F) Where applicable, commitment to fulfil a clear policy on security lending aligned with our own security lending policy or with the ICGN Securities Lending Code of Best Practice	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(G) Incentives and controls to ensure alignment of interests	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(H) Commitments on climate-related disclosure in line with internationally recognised frameworks such as the \upshace{TCFD}	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(I) If applicable, commitment to disclose against the EU Taxonomy	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(J) Commitment to respect human rights as defined in the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(K) The manager's acknowledgement that their appointment was conditional on their fulfilment of their responsible investment obligations	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
(L) Other, please specify: na	(4) for none of our AUM invested in segregated mandates

Monitoring

Investment practices

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 14	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PRIVATE	Investment practices	1

During the reporting year, which aspects of your external manager's responsible investment practices did you, or your investment consultant acting on your behalf, monitor?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)
(A) We monitored their alignment with our organisation's responsible investment strategy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored any changes in their responsible investment—related policies, resourcing, oversight and responsibilities or investment processes	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
C) We monitored heir use of ESG data, penchmarks, tools and pertifications	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
D) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected investment lecisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected the fund's inancial and ESG performance	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM

(F) We monitored any changes in ESG risk managed AUM management processes		(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored their response to material ESG incidents	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(H) Other, please specify:	na (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	na (4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate
(A) We monitored their alignment with our organisation's responsible investment strategy	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(B) We monitored any changes in their responsible investment–related policies, resourcing, oversight and responsibilities or investment processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(C) We monitored their use of ESG data, benchmarks, tools and certifications	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(D) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected investment decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected the fund's financial and ESG performance	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM

(F) We monitored any changes in ESG risk management processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored their response to material ESG incidents	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(H) Other, please specify:	na (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	na (4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(7) Infrastructure	
(A) We monitored their alignment with our organisation's responsible investment strategy	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AU	JM
(B) We monitored any changes in their responsible investment–related policies, resourcing, oversight and responsibilities or investment processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed A	AUM
(C) We monitored their use of ESG data, benchmarks, tools and certifications	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	
(D) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected investment decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed A	AUM
(E) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected the fund's financial and ESG performance	(2) for the majority of our externally managed A	AUM

(F) We monitored any changes in ESG risk management processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored their response to material ESG incidents	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(H) Other, please specify:	na (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Review

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 20	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PRIVATE	Review	1

During the reporting year, how often did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, require your external managers to report to you on their responsible investment practices?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)
(A) Quarterly or more often	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(B) Every six months	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(C) Annually	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(D) Less than once a year	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(E) On an ad hoc basis (e.g. whenever significant changes, incidents or ESG- linked events occur)	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM

	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate
(A) Quarterly or more often	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(B) Every six months	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(C) Annually	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(D) Less than once a year	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) On an ad hoc basis (e.g. whenever significant changes, incidents or ESG- linked events occur)	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
	(7) Infrastructure	
(A) Quarterly or more often	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	
(B) Every six months	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	
(C) Annually	(2) for the majority of our externally managed	AUM
(D) Less than once a year	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	
(E) On an ad hoc basis (e.g. whenever significant changes, incidents or ESG- linked events occur)	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	

Engagement and escalation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 22	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PRIVATE	Engagement and escalation	1

Which actions does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include in its formal escalation process to address concerns raised during monitoring?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(2) Listed equity (passive)	(5) Private equity	(6) Real estate	(7) Infrastructure
(A) We notify the external manager about their placement on a watch list	Ø	7	Ø	Ø	Ø
(B) We engage the external manager's board or investment committee					
(C) We reduce exposure with the external manager until any non-conformances have been rectified	Ø	Ø			
(D) We terminate the contract with the external manager if failings persist over a (notified) period of time and explain the reasons for the termination	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
(E) Other, please specify					
(F) Our organisation does not have a formal escalation process to address concerns raised by monitoring					

Listed Equity (LE)

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 1	CORE	OO 10	LE 1.1	PRIVATE	Materiality analysis	1

Does your organisation have a formal investment process to identify material ESG factors across listed equities?

	(1) Passive equity	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for all of our assets		•
(B) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for the majority of our assets	0	0
(C) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for a minority of our assets	0	0
(D) No, we do not have a formal process. Our investment professionals identify material ESG factors at their own discretion	0	0
(E) No, we do not have a formal process to identify material ESG factors	0	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 1.1	CORE	LE 1	N/A	PRIVATE	Materiality analysis	1

How does your current investment process incorporate material ESG factors?

	(1) Passive equity	(3) Active - Fundamental
(A) The investment process incorporates material governance factors	☑	
(B) The investment process incorporates material environmental and social factors	☑	
(C) The investment process incorporates material ESG factors beyond our organisation's typical investment time horizon		Z
(D) The investment process incorporates the effect of material ESG factors on revenues and business operations		☑

Long-term ESG trend analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 2	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	Long-term ESG trend analysis	1

Do you continuously monitor a list of identified long-term ESG trends related to your listed equity assets?

	(1) Passive equity	(3) Active – fundamental
(A) We monitor long-term ESG trends for all assets	o	•

(B) We monitor long-term ESG trends for the majority of assets	•	0
(C) We monitor long-term ESG trends for a minority of assets	0	0
(D) We do not continuously monitor long-term ESG trends in our investment process	0	0

ESG incorporation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 3	CORE	OO 10	LE 3.1	PRIVATE	ESG incorporation	1

How does your financial modelling and equity valuation process incorporate material ESG risks?

	(1) Passive equity	$(3) \ {\rm Active-fundamental}$
(A) We incorporate governance- related risks into financial modelling and equity valuations	Ø	✓
(B) We incorporate environmental and social risks into financial modelling and equity valuations	Ø	Ø
(C) We incorporate environmental and social risks related to companies' supply chains into financial modelling and equity valuations	Ø	 ✓
(D) ESG risk is incorporated into financial modelling and equity valuations at the discretion of individual investment decision-makers, and we do not track this process		

(E) We do not incorporate ESG risks into our financial modelling and equity valuations

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 3.1	CORE	LE 3	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG incorporation	1

In what proportion of cases do you incorporate the following material ESG risks into your financial modelling and equity valuation process?

valuation process? (1) Passive Equity (A) We incorporate governance-related risks into financial modelling and equity (2) in the majority of cases valuations (B) We incorporate environmental and social risks into financial modelling and equity (2) in the majority of cases valuations (C) We incorporate environmental and social risks related to companies' supply chains (2) in the majority of cases into financial modelling and equity valuations (3) Active - Fundamental (A) We incorporate governance-related risks into financial modelling and equity (1) in all cases valuations (B) We incorporate environmental and social risks into financial modelling and equity (1) in all cases valuations (C) We incorporate environmental and social risks related to companies' supply chains (1) in all cases into financial modelling and equity valuations

Assessing ESG performance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 4	CORE	OO 10	LE 4.1	PRIVATE	Assessing ESG performance	1

What information do you incorporate when you assess the ESG performance of companies in your financial modelling and equity valuation process?

	(1) Passive equity	$(3) \ Active-fundamental$
(A) We incorporate information on current performance across a range of ESG metrics	☑	
(B) We incorporate information on historical performance across a range of ESG metrics		
(C) We incorporate information enabling performance comparison within a selected peer group across a range of ESG metrics	☑	
(D) We incorporate information on ESG metrics that may impact or influence future corporate revenues and/or profitability		
(E) We do not incorporate ESG factors when assessing the ESG performance of companies in our financial modelling or equity valuation		

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 4.1	CORE	${ m LE}~4$	N/A	PRIVATE	Assessing ESG performance	1

In what proportion of cases do you incorporate the following information when assessing the ESG performance of companies in your financial modelling and equity valuation process?

(1) Passive equity

(A) We incorporate information on current performance across a range of ESG metrics	(2) in the majority of cases
(C) We incorporate information enabling performance comparison within a selected peer group across a range of ESG metrics	(2) in the majority of cases
(3) Active – fundamental	
(A) We incorporate information on current performance across a range of ESG metrics	(1) in all cases
(C) We incorporate information enabling performance comparison within a selected peer group across a range of ESG metrics	(1) in all cases
(D) We incorporate information on ESG metrics that may impact or influence future corporate revenues and/or profitability	(1) in all cases

ESG incorporation in portfolio construction

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
${ m LE}~6$	CORE	OO 10	LE 6.1	PRIVATE	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1

How do ESG factors influence your portfolio construction?

(1) Passive equity	(3) Active – fundamental
☑	☑
✓	
Ø	V

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
${ m LE}~6.1$	CORE	LE 6	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1

In what proportion of cases did ESG factors influence your portfolio construction?

(1) Passive equity

(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(2) in the majority of cases
(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(3) in a minority of cases
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors	(2) in the majority of cases
(3) Active – fundamental	
(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(B) The holding period of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(3) in a minority of cases
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 8	CORE	OO 6.1 LE	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG risk management	1

What compliance processes do you have in place to ensure that your listed equity assets subject to negative exclusionary screens meet the screening criteria?

- \square (A) We have an independent committee that oversees the screening implementation process, but only for our ESG/sustainability labelled funds that are subject to negative exclusionary screening
- □ (B) We have an independent committee that oversees the screening implementation process for all of our listed equity assets that are subject to negative exclusionary screening
- \square (C) We have an independent committee that verifies that we have correctly implemented pre-trade checks in our internal systems to ensure no execution is possible without their pre-clearance
- ☑ (D) Other, please specify:

We make our own inhouse pre-investment screens with focus on ESG rating and norm breaching issues. Investments that are not in line with our ESG criterias are not investible. Changes in ESG ratings and norms are followed up by alterts from the service providers. We also make regular screenings during the year on the investments in the equity portfolio. We discuss the screening resluts and if necessary reallocations in the portfolio at our quartley meetings in our investment committée or at our weekly investment meetings.

□ (E) We do not have compliance processes in place to ensure that we meet our stated negative exclusionary screens

Post-investment phase

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 9	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG risk management	1

Do your regular reviews incorporate ESG risks?

	(1) Passive equity	(3) Active-fundamental
(A) Our regular reviews include quantitative information on material ESG risks specific to individual listed equities	☑	☑
(B) Our regular reviews include aggregated quantitative information on material ESG risks at a fund level	☑	☑

(C) Our regular reviews only highlight fund holdings where ESG ratings have changed	
(D) We do not conduct regular reviews. Risk reviews of ESG factors are conducted at the discretion of the individual fund manager and vary in frequency	
(E) We do not conduct reviews	

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 10	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG risk management	1

Do you regularly identify and incorporate ESG incidents into the investment process for your listed equity assets?

	(1) Passive equity	$(3) {\rm Active-fundamental}$
(A) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into all of our investment decisions		•
(B) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into the majority of our investment decisions	0	0
(C) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into a minority of our investment decisions	0	O
(D) Yes, we have an ad hoc process in place for identifying and incorporating ESG incidents	0	0
(E) Other	0	0

(F) We currently do not have a process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into our investment decision-making

0 0

Passive equity

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 12	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	Passive equity	1

What percentage of your total passive listed equity assets utilise an ESG index or benchmark?

100.0%

Reporting/Disclosure

Sharing ESG information with stakeholders

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 13	CORE	OO 6 LE	N/A	PRIVATE	Sharing ESG information with stakeholders	6

How do you ensure that clients and/or beneficiaries understand ESG screens and their implications?

	(1) for all of our listed equity assets subject to ESG screens	(2) for the majority of our listed equity assets subject to ESG screens	(3) for a minority of our listed equity assets subject to ESG screens	(4) for none of our assets subject to ESG screens
(A) We publish a list of ESG screens and share it on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation	0	0	0	•

(B) We publish any changes in ESG screens and share them on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation	0	0	0	•
(C) We outline any implications of ESG screens, such as deviation from a benchmark or impact on sector weightings, to clients and/or beneficiaries	0	0	0	•

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 14	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	Sharing ESG information with stakeholders	6

What ESG information is covered in your regular reporting to stakeholders such as clients or beneficiaries?

(1) Passive equity (A) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes qualitative examples of engagement 1) In all of our regular stakeholder and/or ESG incorporation reporting 1) In all of our regular stakeholder (B) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG engagement data reporting 1) In all of our regular stakeholder (C) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG incorporation data reporting (3) Active - fundamental (A) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes qualitative examples of engagement 1) In all of our regular stakeholder and/or ESG incorporation reporting 1) In all of our regular stakeholder (B) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG engagement data reporting 1) In all of our regular stakeholder (C) Our regular stakeholder reporting includes quantitative ESG incorporation data reporting

Stewardship

Voting policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 15	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 15.1, LE 16	PRIVATE	Voting policy	2

Does your organisation have a publicly available (proxy) voting policy? (The policy may be a standalone policy, part of a stewardship policy or incorporated into a wider RI policy.)

- o (A) Yes, we have a publicly available (proxy) voting policy Add link(s):
- (B) Yes, we have a (proxy) voting policy, but it is not publicly available
- o (C) No, we do not have a (proxy) voting policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 15.1	CORE	OO 9 LE, LE 15	N/A	PRIVATE	Voting policy	2

What percentage of your listed equity assets does your (proxy) voting policy cover?

(A) Actively managed listed equity covered by our voting policy

(12) 100%

(B) Passively managed listed equity covered by our voting policy

(7) 51-60%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 16	CORE	LE 15	N/A	PRIVATE	Voting policy	2

Does your organisation's policy on (proxy) voting cover specific ESG factors?

- \square (A) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific governance factors Describe:
- □ (B) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific environmental factors Describe:
- \square (C) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific social factors Describe:
- \square (D) Our policy is high-level and does not cover specific ESG factors Describe:

Our voting policy is included in our ownership policy, which includes Kåpan's basic values in corporate governance issues and applies to the ownership role, especially regarding the ownership relationship with Swedish and foreign directly owned limited companies. Kåpan's asset management involves continuously taking a position on issues that have a significance for or impact on a company where we are the owner. This may apply to dividend policy, company acquisitions, new issues or other strategic changes. In most of the companies in which Kåpan is a shareholder, the association is a small owner with a limited opportunity to directly influence the development of the companies.

The policy is general and can therefore never cover all situations that may arise or apply to all different companies. An individual examination with the policy as a starting point is always required.

The regulations that apply to Swedish listed companies are mainly the Swedish Companies Act, the Swedish Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) and the listing agreement with Nasdaq / OMX. These form the basis for how companies are governed, stipulate the division of responsibilities between owners, board and management. In addition to the above rules, there are extensive regulations regarding the environment, working conditions, etc. A basic precondition for this ownership policy is that the company complies with current regulations. To the extent that an issue is regulated in the Code, it is not dealt with in this ownership policy.

The ownership policy (decided by the Board) states that Kåpan intends to exercise its owner influence in listed companies as follows; -that an employee always participates in annual meetings where ownership exceeds 1% of the votes in the company and there exercise the voting rights attached to the society's shares

- -that an employee or proxy vote always participates in annual meetings where ownership exceeds 0.1% of the votes in the company and there exercise the voting rights attached to the society's shares
- -to carefully prepare and establish the society's position at the annual meeting
- -to participate in the work of the nomination committee in those companies where the society is among the larger owners. In some of our unlisted holdings within venture capital and property we take an important owner responsibility through membership of the funds' advisory boards. We work in these boards with supporting knowledge and as an advisory discussion partner for issues related to the funds' operations. In the event of conflicts of interest, the advisory board is required to make a decision through a voting procedure.

Alignment & effectiveness

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 17	CORE	OO 9 LE	N/A	PRIVATE	Alignment & effectiveness	2

When you use external service providers to give voting recommendations, how do you ensure that those recommendations are consistent with your organisation's (proxy) voting policy?

(A) We review service providers' controversial and high-profile voting recommendations before voting is executed	(2) in the majority of cases
(B) Before voting is executed, we review service providers' voting recommendations where the application of our voting policy is unclear	(2) in the majority of cases

Security lending policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 18	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 18.1, LE 18.2	PRIVATE	Security lending policy	2

Does your organisation have a public policy that states how voting is addressed in your securities lending programme? (The policy may be a standalone guideline or part of a wider RI or stewardship policy.)

- o (A) We have a public policy to address voting in our securities lending programme. Add link(s):
- (B) We have a policy to address voting in our securities lending programme, but it is not publicly available
- o (C) We rely on the policy of our service provider(s)
- o (D) We do not have a policy to address voting in our securities lending programme
- o (E) Not applicable, we do not have a securities lending programme

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 18.1	CORE	LE 18	N/A	PRIVATE	Security lending policy	2

How is voting addressed in your securities lending programme?

- (A) We recall all securities for voting on all ballot items
- o (B) We always recall all holdings in a company for voting on ballot items deemed important (e.g. in line with specific criteria)
- o (C) We always recall some securities so that we can vote on their ballot items (e.g. in line with specific criteria)
- o (D) We maintain some holdings so that we can vote at any time
- (E) We recall some securities on an ad hoc basis so that we can vote on their ballot items
- o (F) We empower our securities lending agent to decide when to recall securities for voting purposes
- \circ (G) Other, please specify:
- (H) We do not recall our securities for voting purposes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 18.2	CORE	LE 18	N/A	PRIVATE	Security lending policy	2

What exclusions do you apply to your organisation's securities lending programme?

- \Box (A) We do not lend out shares of companies that we are engaging with either individually or as a lead or support investor in collaborative engagements
- \square (B) We do not lend out shares of companies if we own more than a certain percentage of them
- □ (C) We do not lend out shares of companies in jurisdictions that do not ban naked short selling
- \square (D) We never lend out all our shares of a company to ensure that we always keep voting rights in-house
- \square (E) Other, please specify:
- (F) We do not exclude any particular companies from our securities lending programme

Shareholder resolutions

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 19	CORE	OO 9 LE	N/A	PRIVATE	Shareholder resolutions	2

Which of the following best describes your decision-making approach regarding shareholder resolutions, or that of your service provider(s) if decision-making is delegated to them?

- \circ (A) In the majority of cases, we support resolutions that, if passed, are expected to advance progress on the underlying ESG factors or on our stewardship priorities
- (B) In the majority of cases, we support resolutions that, if passed, are expected to advance progress on the underlying ESG factors but only if the investee company has not already committed publicly to the action requested in the proposal
- (C) In the majority of cases, we only support shareholder resolutions as an escalation tactic when other avenues for engagement with the investee company have not achieved sufficient progress
- (D) In the majority of cases, we support the recommendations of investee company management by default
- o (E) In the majority of cases, we do not vote on shareholder resolutions

Pre-declaration of votes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 20	CORE	OO 9 LE	N/A	PRIVATE	Pre-declaration of votes	2

How did your organisation or your service provider(s) pre-declare votes prior to AGMs/EGMs?

- \square (A) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly through the PRI's vote declaration system
- □ (B) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly (e.g. through our own website) Link to public disclosure:
- \square (C) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly through the PRI's vote declaration system, including the rationale for our (proxy) voting decisions where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain
- □ (D) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly, including the rationale for our (proxy) voting decisions where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain Link to public disclosure:
- \square (E) Prior to the AGM/EGM, we privately communicated our voting decision to investee companies in cases where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain
- (F) We did not privately or publicly communicate our voting intentions
- □ (G) We did not cast any (proxy) votes during the reporting year

Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 21	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 21.1	PRIVATE	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Do you publicly report your (proxy) voting decisions, or those made on your behalf by your service provider(s), in a central source?

https://www.kapan.se/globalassets/om-kapan/innehavsforteckning/rostning-2020.pdf

- o (B) Yes, for the majority of (proxy) votes Link:
- \circ (C) Yes, for a minority of (proxy) votes 1) Add link and 2) Explain why you only publicly disclose a minority of (proxy) voting decisions:
- \circ (D) No, we do not publicly report our (proxy) voting decisions Explain why you do not publicly report your (proxy) voting decisions:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 21.1	CORE	LE 21	N/A	PRIVATE	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

In the majority of cases, how soon after an investee's AGM/EGM do you publish your voting decisions?

- o (A) Within one month of the AGM/EGM
- o (B) Within three months of the AGM/EGM
- o (C) Within six months of the AGM/EGM
- (D) Within one year of the AGM/EGM
- \circ (E) More than one year after the AGM/EGM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 22	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 22.1	PRIVATE	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Did your organisation and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicate the rationale for your voting decisions?

- \square (A) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was provided privately to the company
- (B) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was disclosed publicly
- □ (C) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, we did not communicate the rationale
- \square (D) We did not vote against management or abstain

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 22.1	CORE	$\rm LE~22$	N/A	PRIVATE	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Indicate the proportion of votes where you and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicated the rationale for your voting decisions.

(B) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was disclosed publicly

(5) > 95%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 23	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 23.1	PRIVATE	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2, 5

Did your organisation and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicate the rationale for your voting decisions when voting against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory?

- ☑ (A) In cases where we voted against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory, the rationale was disclosed publicly
- \square (B) In cases where we voted against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory, the rationale was not disclosed publicly
- \Box (C) We did not vote against any shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 23.1	CORE	LE 23	N/A	PRIVATE	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2, 5

Indicate the proportion of votes where you and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicated the rationale for your voting decisions.

(A) In cases where we voted against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory, the rationale was disclosed publicly

(5) > 95%

Fixed Income (FI)

Pre-investment phase

Materiality analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 1	CORE	OO 10	FI 1.1	PRIVATE	Materiality analysis	1

Does your organisation have a formal investment process to identify material ESG factors for its fixed income assets?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for all of our assets	•	
(B) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for the majority of our assets	0	0
(C) Yes, we have a formal process to identify material ESG factors for a minority of our assets	o	0
(D) No, we do not have a formal process. Our investment professionals identify material ESG factors at their own discretion	0	0
(E) No, we do not have a formal process to identify material ESG factors	0	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 1.1	CORE	FI 1	N/A	PRIVATE	Materiality analysis	1

How does your current investment process incorporate material ESG factors?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) The investment process incorporates material governance factors	Ø	☑
(B) The investment process incorporates material environmental and social factors	Ø	Ø
(C) The investment process incorporates material ESG factors beyond our organisation's typical investment time horizon		
(D) The investment process incorporates the effect of material ESG factors on revenues and business operations		

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 2	CORE	OO 10	FI 2.1	PRIVATE	ESG risk management	1

How are material ESG factors incorporated into your portfolio risk management process?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) Investment committee members, or the equivalent function/group, have a qualitative ESG veto		☑

(B) Companies, sectors, countries and currency are monitored for changes in ESG exposure and for breaches of risk limits		Ø		Z	
(C) Overall exposure to specific ESG factors is measured for our portfolio construction, and sizing or hedging adjustments are made depending on individual issuers' sensitivity to these factors					
(D) Other method of incorporating ESG factors into risk management process, please specify below:					
(E) We do not have a process to incorporate ESG factors into our portfolio risk management					
Indicator Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 2.1 CORE	FI 2	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG risk management	1
For what proportion of your fixed incorprocess?	ne assets are mat	erial ESG factor	s incorporated	into your portfolio risk r	nanagement
(2) Corporate					
(A) Investment committee members, or qualitative ESG veto	the equivalent fu	unction/group, h	ave a	(1) for all of our as	ssets
(B) Companies, sectors, countries and cexposure and for breaches of risk limits	(1) for all of our as	ssets			
(3) Securitised					
(A) Investment committee members, or qualitative ESG veto	lave a	(1) for all of our as	ssets		
(B) Companies, sectors, countries and of exposure and for breaches of risk limits	Companies, sectors, countries and currency are monitored for changes in ESG				

ESG incorporation in asset valuation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 3	CORE	OO 10	FI 3.1	PRIVATE	ESG incorporation in asset valuation	1

How do you incorporate the evolution of ESG factors into your fixed income asset valuation process?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) We incorporate it into the forecast of cash flow, revenues and profitability		
(B) We anticipate how the evolution of ESG factors may change the ESG profile of the debt issuer		
(C) We do not incorporate the evolution of ESG factors into our fixed income asset valuation process	☑	☑

ESG incorporation in portfolio construction

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 5	CORE	OO 10	FI 5.1	PRIVATE	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1

How do ESG factors influence your portfolio construction?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised	
(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	☑		

(3) Securitised	i					
(C) The portf influenced by	folio weighting of indiv ESG factors	ridual assets w	ithin our port	folio or bench	mark is (1) in all cases	
(A) The select	tion of individual asset	s within our p	oortfolio is infl	uenced by ES	G factors (1) in all cases	
(2) Corporate	•					
In what propo	ortion of cases do ESG	factors influe	nce your port	folio construct	ion?	
FI 5.1	CORE	FI 5	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG incorporation in portfolio construction	1
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
benchmark sel	Colio construction or lection does not ade the incorporation s					
(E) Other exp please specify	pressions of conviction, below:					
multi-asset po by ESG factor	ation of assets across ortfolios is influenced rs through the callocation process					
individual asso	enchmark is influenced		☑		☑	
(B) The holdi individual asso portfolio is inf factors						

(A) The selection of individual assets within our portfolio is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases
(C) The portfolio weighting of individual assets within our portfolio or benchmark is influenced by ESG factors	(1) in all cases

ESG incorporation in assessment of issuers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 7	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG incorporation in assessment of issuers	1

When assessing issuers'/borrowers' credit quality, how does your organisation incorporate material ESG risks in the majority of cases?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) In the majority of cases, we		
incorporate material governance- related risks	0	0
(B) In addition to incorporating governance-related risks, in the majority of cases we also incorporate material environmental and social risks		•
(C) We do not incorporate material ESG risks for the majority of our credit quality assessments of ssuers/borrowers	o	0

ESG performance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 8	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG performance	1

In the majority of cases, how do you assess the relative ESG performance of a borrower within a peer group as part of your investment process?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) We use the relative ESG performance of a borrower to adjust the internal credit assessments of borrowers by modifying forecasted financials and future cash flow estimates		
(B) We use the relative ESG performance of a borrower to make relative sizing decisions in portfolio construction	☑	Z
(C) We use the relative ESG performance of a borrower to screen for outliers when comparing credit spreads to ESG relative performance within a similar peer group	☑	☑
(D) We consider the ESG performance of a borrower only on a standalone basis and do not compare it within peer groups of other benchmarks		
(E) We do not have an internal ESG performance assessment methodology		

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 9	CORE	OO 10	FI 9.1	PRIVATE	ESG risk management	1

For your corporate fixed income, does your organisation have a framework that differentiates ESG risks by issuer country and sector?

- □ (A) Yes, it differentiates ESG risks by country/region (for example, local governance and labour practices)
- ☐ (B) Yes, it differentiates ESG risks by sector
- ☑ (C) No, we do not have a framework that differentiates ESG risks by issuer country/region and sector

Securitised products

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 11	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	Securitised products	1

How do you incorporate ESG factors into the financial analysis of securitised products?

- o (A) We analyse ESG risks and returns for both the issuer or debtor and the underlying collateral or asset pool
- (B) We perform ESG analysis that covers the issuer or debtor only
- o (C) We perform ESG analysis that covers the underlying collateral or asset pool only
- o (D) We do not incorporate ESG factors into the financial analysis of securitised products

Post-investment phase

ESG risk management

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 12	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG risk management	1

Do your regular reviews incorporate ESG risks?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) Our regular reviews include quantitative information on material ESG risks specific to individual fixed income assets	Z	☑
(B) Our regular reviews include aggregated quantitative information on material ESG risks at a fund level		
(C) Our regular reviews only highlight fund holdings where ESG ratings have changed		
(D) We do not conduct regular reviews. Risk reviews of ESG factors are conducted at the discretion of the individual fund manager and vary in frequency		
(E) We do not conduct reviews that incorporate ESG risks		

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 13	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG risk management	1

Do you regularly identify and incorporate ESG incidents into the investment process for your fixed income assets?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into all of our investment decisions	•	•
(B) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into the majority of our investment decisions	0	0
(C) Yes, we have a formal process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into a minority of our investment decisions	0	0
(D) Yes, we have an ad hoc process in place for identifying and incorporating ESG incidents	0	0
(E) We do not have a process in place for regularly identifying and incorporating ESG incidents into our investment decision-making	0	0

Time horizons

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 14	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	Time horizons	1

In the majority of cases, how does your investment process account for differing time horizons of holdings and how they may affect ESG factors?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) We take into account current risks	☑	Ø
(B) We take into account medium- term risks		
(C) We take into account long-term risks		
(D) We do not take into account differing time horizons of holdings and how they may affect ESG factors		

Long-term ESG trend analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 15	CORE	OO 10	N/A	PRIVATE	Long-term ESG trend analysis	1

Do you continuously monitor a list of identified long-term ESG trends related to your fixed income assets?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) We monitor long-term ESG trends for all of our assets	0	0

(B) We monitor long-term ESG trends for the majority of our assets	•	
(C) We monitor long-term ESG trends for a minority of our assets	0	0
(D) We do not continuously monitor long-term ESG trends in our investment process	0	0

Thematic bonds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 18	PLUS	OO 6 FI	FI 18.1	PRIVATE	Thematic bonds	1

What proportion of your total thematic investments are labelled green bonds, social bonds and/or sustainability bonds by the issuers in accordance with the four ICMA Social/Green Bond Principles?

Proportion out of total thematic fixed income investments:

0.0%
0.0%
100.0%
0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 18.1	PLUS	FI 18	N/A	PRIVATE	Thematic bonds	3

What proportion of your social, green and/or sustainability labelled bonds has been subject to an independent review arranged by the issuer?

(A) Second-party opinion

(5) > 75%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 19	CORE	OO 6 FI	N/A	PRIVATE	Thematic bonds	1

How do you determine which non-labelled thematic bonds to invest in?

- ☑ (A) By reviewing the bond's use of proceeds
- ☐ (B) By reviewing companies' ESG targets
- □ (C) By reviewing companies' progress towards achieving ESG targets
- \square (D) We do not invest in non-labelled thematic bonds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 20	CORE	OO 6 FI	N/A	PRIVATE	Thematic bonds	1, 2, 6

What action do you take in the majority of cases where proceeds of a thematic bond issuer are not allocated to the original plan?

(A) We engage with the issue	7	(A)	We engage	with t	he issue
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- \Box (B) We alert regulators
- \square (C) We alert the matic bond certification agencies
- \square (D) We sell the security
- \square (E) We publicly disclose the breach
- \Box (F) We blacklist the issuer
- \square (G) Other action, please specify:
- \square (H) We do not take any specific actions when proceeds from bond issuers are not allocated in accordance with the original plan

Reporting/Disclosure

ESG screens

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 21	CORE	OO 6 FI	N/A	PRIVATE	ESG screens	6

How do you ensure that clients and/or beneficiaries understand ESG screens and their implications?

(A) We publish a list of ESG screens and share it on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation Voluntary URL link(s) to list of ESG screens:	(4) for none of our assets subject to ESG screens
(B) We publish any changes in ESG screens and share it on a publicly accessible platform such as a website or through fund documentation Voluntary URL link(s) to ESG screen changes:	(4) for none of our assets subject to ESG screens
(C) We outline any implications of ESG screens, such as deviation from a benchmark or impact on sector weightings, to clients and/or beneficiaries	(4) for none of our assets subject to ESG screens

Engagement

Engaging with issuers/borrowers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
FI 22	CORE	OO 9 FI	FI 22.1	PRIVATE	Engaging with issuers/borrowers	2

At which stages does your organisation engage with issuers/borrowers?

	(2) Corporate	(3) Securitised
(A) At the pre-issuance/pre-deal stage	Ø	
(B) At the pre-investment stage		

(C) During the holding period	
(D) At the refinancing stage	
(E) When issuers/borrowers default	